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10 PAGES-LAST EDITION

TUESDAY, JULY 5, 1904. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

## PARKER ADHERENTS PREPONDERATE.

On First Ballot There Will be no Change in the Favorite Sons Vote.

THEY WILL BE DULY RECORDED.

California Delegation Will Maintain Its Attitude Towards Hearst.

TAMMANY'S COURSE IS DOUBTFUL.

is Yet it Has Not Announced Withdrawal of its Opposition to The Favorite.

St. Louis, Mo., July 5, 1 p. m .- As the day wore it seemed more likely that the Parker preponderance would not cause any change in the complimentary votes in the states instructed for favorite sons on the first ballot. While the Parker column would probably embrace the entire south, and nearly all the instructed states, the delegates from Massachusetts, Wisconsin, Delaware, California and Missourt would formally present and record their votes for Olney, Gray, Henrst and Cockrell, respectively. New Jersey is not counted upen to vote for Parker on the first ballot, and while the decision of that delegation will not be reached until tomerrow, the present indications are that it will join with Delaware in support of Judge Gray.

MASSACHUSETTS.

The Massachusetts delegation has taken the additional step of sending at missionaries in behalf of Olney, but beyond a declaration that its delegation will hold steadfastly to Wall, Wisconsin is making no formal attempt to bring any other states to his support at this stage.

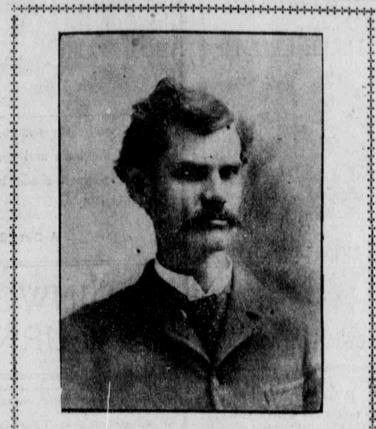
CALIFORNIA.

The California delegation maintains is attitude that it will not waver in s support of Hearst and confidently believes that when the name of their andidate is formally submitted by Mr. pelmas, his eloquent petition will serve at only to hold all his instructed folthat without their aid, the New York andidate cannot secure the necessary

PARKERITES CALM.

in the meantime, the Parker adherents are calmly confident that no possile combination can now defeat him, and while offering no opposition to the usting of complimentary votes, conand that the avalanche will follow hat action, and that the second ballot all end the fight. The collapse of the fammany opposition is also a matter of expressed satisfaction by those who have been leading the fight for Parker to the New York delegation.

GENERAL SITUATION. The general situation as affecting the ome of the convention remained tanged. The strong lead developed by Parker yesterday emphasized by the action of the Pennsylvania delegation study of the rennsylvania delegation at its late night session, naturally pro-yokad some inquiry as to whether a stampede would follow.



JOHN SHARP WILLIAMS,

Temporary Chairman and Leader of the Democracy in the House of Repre-

John Sharp Williams, one of the brightest and ablest young men in public life in this country, and Democratic leader in the house of representatives, lives at Yazoo, Mick., and was elected from the Eighth district. He was born July 30, 1854, at Memphis, Tenn. His mother having died, his father, who was a colonel of the Twenty-seventh Tennessee Volunteers, Confederate States army, being killed at Shiloh, and Memphis being threatened with capture by the federal army, his family moved to his mother's family homestead in Yazoo county, Miss. Young Williams received a fair education at the public schools, and afterward attended the Kestucky Military institute, near Frankfort, Ky.; the University of the South, Sewanee, Tenn.; the University of Virginia, and the University of Heidleberg, in Baden, Germany. He subsequently studied law in the University of Virginia and in Memphis, Tenn. In 1878 he returned to Yazoo, where he engaged in the practise of law, and became a cotton planter. He was a delegate to the Chicago convention that nominated Cleveland and Stephenson, and was elected to the Fifty-third, Fifty-fourth, Fifty-fifth, Fifty-sixth and Fifty-seventh congresses, and re-elected to the Fifty-eighth Congress without opposition.

LOBBY GOSSIP. There was some gossip about the hotel lobbies that several of the favorite sons would withdraw during the day, but this has not taken any definite shape at this hour. The Parker managers said last night, that they hoped the instructed states would hold on the first ballot for their candidates, but the action of Pennsylvania is admittedly a serious blow to the efforts of the "favorite sons" and this morning the air was full of suggestions that Hearst ahd Oiney and Wall would take steps to relieve the delegates instructed for them. Whether anything of this kind will be done remains to be seen.

will be done remains to be seen. PARKER MEN CONFIDENT.

PARKER MEN CONFIDENT.

The Parker men are confident that the New York man will show a clear majority on the first ballot, and that following the precedent of all former Democratic national conventions, this showing would immediately bring into line a sufficient number of states to give him the necessary two-thirds of the total vote of the convention. Such a result, it is urged, would be simply following the historic record of the party at their national conclaves.

THE GORMAN VOTE.

THE GORMAN VOTE. It is practically conceded that the Gorman vote, as a result of Pennsylvania's conclusion, will be cast in the initial ballot for Parker. If this is followed by like action on the part of any other recognized candidates then the result may prove, as some of the lead-ers assert, his assured nomination before the convention assembles tomor-

Senator German has never been for mally in it." was a reply Senator Henry G. Davis of West Virginia, made to a question as to whether Senator Gorman was out of the presidential race. He added that no statement can be made as to what Gorman will do. At the same

W. J. Bryan, who yesterday offered to support Pattison of Pennsylvania, was today giving encouragement to the friends of McClellan. the nucleus of the Gorman strength, have decided to vote for Parker. It is also known that Ohio is dissatis-

fled with the favorite sen idea, and will meet at 2 o'clock today with a view of abandoning Harmon and voting for

WHAT BRYAN SAYS.

"The situation is unchanged," said Mr. Bryan when approached early to-day for an expression concerning the effect of the action of the Pennsylvania delegation in joining with the Parker "That," he added, "is all that I can

say except that the opposition to Mr. Parker still exists."

PARKER OPPOSITION MEETS. St. Louis, Mo., July 5.—A number of representatives of the opposition to Judge Parker met for conference today in Mr. Hearst's headquarters at the Jefferson, and after adjournment gave out the following statement:
"After a consultation among the

members representing the various can-didates and delegates opposed to the nomination of Judge Parker, it was formally agreed among them that the nomination of Judge Parker is impossible. The opposition represents easily much more than one-third of the votes necessary to prevent a nomination, all of whom agree not to support Judge Parker's candidacy under any circum-

stances.

The discussion in the conference and elsewhere developed a determined disposition to make a test of strength on the first ballot at least before surrender-ing. The claim that even since the deflection of Pennsylvania they will be able to control 100 votes more than the necessary third to prevent Parker's nomination, but many of them con-cede the impossibility of maintaining their full strength through many successive ballots unless early inroads car be made upon the Parker stronghold. This danger is made evident by the conditions in the anti-Parker delegations. It is stated, for instance, that fully one-half the Kansas and Colorado votes will go to Parker on the first bailot and Maryland and West Virginia which constitute the seat of Mr. Gorman's strength, are ready to go over to the New York candidate as soon as they can be released from their pledge to

Senator Gorman, The West Virginia delegation is quite at sea because Mr. Gorman has not yet indicated his attitude.

BRYAN ON RESOLUTIONS COM-

St. Louis, July 5 .- At the meeting of the Nebraska delegation today W. J. Bryan was appointed to represent the state upon the committee of resolu-

Mr. Bryan's contention will be for the reaffirmation of the Kansas City plat-form, but the delegation recognizes the improbability of securing such a stand. The discussion was therefore devoted to the consideration of what to do in that event. No conclusion was reached, but the tendency is to accept the situation if fairly liberal declarations can be secured. In that event Mr. Bryan will probably not make a platform fight on the convention floor. He has not for-mally declared his position, but his fellow delegates thus interpret it.

DELEGATION GOSSIP. St. Louis, Mo., July 5.—The Virginta delegation which arrived today, saw in

an evening paper yesterday that they were for Senator Gorman for president. They all signed this declaration, writ-

They all signed this declaration, written by Senator Daniel:
"The chairman is hereby instructed to cast the vote of the delegation for Alton B. Parker as long as his name is before the convention."

When the delegation met later they formally resolved in the same sense. Instructed for Parker, the Texas delegation at its meeting today had only to crganize. The meeting was entirely harmonious, and although no formal resolutions were passed, the unanimous sentiment of the delegation appeared to favor a conservative platform.

R. M. Johnston was elected national committeeman, Senator Bailey member of the resolutions committee, and T. W. Gregory member of the creden-

ber of the resolutions committee, and T. W. Gregory member of the credentials committee. The delegation did not commit itself on the subject of the vice presidency. Representative T. H. Ball was selected to second the nomination of Judge Parker, and C. H. Smith to second the nomination of the vice-presidential candidate.

Inquiry among the Noroth Carolina delegation shows that Parker sentiment was predominant and this delegation is subject to the unit rule and Parker is assured the vote of this delegation.

At an informal conference of the Delaware delegation early today, it was decided that the delegation should adhere to Judge Gray.

While the decision was not final, it was said that as yet the delegation saw no reson to abandon their fvorite son.

TAMMANY IS DOUBTFUL.

It Has Not Announced Withdraw al of Opposition to Parker.

St. Louis, Mo., July 5 .- The meeting of the New York state delegation today was marked by a degree of harmony such as has not prevailed in this delegation for several presidential conventions. It was rumored prior to the meeting that Tammany had practically decided to retire gracefully from its heretofore emphatic opposition to Judge Parker, and this was partially confirmed by what took place at the delegation meeting. In the first place, there was no objection to the selection of David B. Hill as a member of the committee on resolutions, and this harmonious action was repeated when State Senator Thomas F. Grady, of Tammany hall, was selected as the member of the committee on rules and order of business. Former United States Senator Edward Humber States Senator Edward Murphy, Jr., of Troy, was made chairman of the dele-gation, and Norman E. Mack, of Buffalo, was re-elected as national commit-teeman. James W. Ridgeway, of Brooklyn, a McCaren adherent, was unanimously selected to represent the state on the committee on credentials.

MONEY QUESTION. The only spice injected into the neeting was the offering of a resolution by Bourke Cockran, providing that "in the opinion of this delegation a plain statement should be included in the platform that the decision of the people on the money issue as twice exemplified in two elections should be the final sattlement of the sattlement of the final sattlement of the sattlemen final settlement of the financial ques-tion and of vital importance in the next general election." Mr. Cockran, in speaking to his resolution, and urging its adoption, said that the financial question as presented in the two last national platforms had been discarded by the people, and that this decision should be the basis of the financial should be the basis of the financial plank in the new platform. George Raines, of Rochester, opposed Mr. Cockran's motion. He argued that there was no reason for an extremely radical course on the plank and believed that the matter-could be safely left in the hands of Senator Hill. He moved that it he referred to Senator.

moved that it be referred to Senator Hill, with power. This was adopted by a vote of 50 to 26. TWO-THIRDS RULE.

Senator Grady, offered a proposition that should a resolution be introduced into the convention proposing an abrointo the convention proposing an abrogation of the two-thirds rule and the adoption of a majority rule, New York should opposed it. Senator Hill remarked that he thought that matter could be intelligently acted upon by Senator Grady in the committee on rules and it was unanimously referred to him.

The meeting then adjourned, subject to the call of the chairman. After adjournment, Delegate Bird Coler said: "It is perfectly evident that Senator Hill and his following do not intend to take a definite stand on the money question. They are going to take a half-way course so as not thoroughly to displease Mr. Bryan and his small

Leader Charles R. Murphy of Tammany hall, was asked if there was any truth in the statement that New York had decided to withdraw its opposition

to Judge Parker. He said:
"We have not announced any such decision, but those who have candidates other than Judge Parker in the conven-tion seem to be afraid to take the initiative in forcing their candidates to the front and I do not know why we the front and I do not know why we should bother to assist them. Some people are sadly lacking in backbone."

Lewis Nixon, Charles A. Towne and several other Tammany men close to the chief nodded in acquiescence when asked if Tammany had ceased to actively fight Judge Parker.

The Tammany people are so confident that things are going to run smoothly that they have practically decided to order their special train to leave Friday afternoon, anticipating that the convention will be over at that time.

UTAH DELEGATES. Tendered a Reception at the Utah State Building.

St. Louis, Mo., July 5 .- Utah dele gates to the Democratic national convention were tendered a reception at their state building at the world's fair

The "News" Correspondent At St. Louis.

Looks Like Parker and Turner For Running Mates, But Air is Full of Uncertainty-

Dubois Still Riding His Hobby Horse-Ex-Senator Cannon Chosen to

Fight Him Before the Committee.

HOPKINS DEFEATED **HEARST & HARRISON** 

Sub-Committee to Which Was Referred Illinois Contest Reports for Regulars.

STATE CONVENTIONS SUPREME.

Case Will be Carried Before Credentials Committee and Possibly to Convention.

St. Louis, Mo., July 5.—The sub-com-mittee of the national committee, which yesterday and last night heard the evi-dence in the Fourteenth district of Ili-nois, today reported to the national committee that it was the unanimous opinion of the members of the sub-committee that the Hopkins delegates be allowed to retain their seats. The re-port was concurred in and the Hopkins people will hold their seats unless oust-ed by the action of the committee on

BASIS OF DECISION.

The decision of the sub-committee was based on the ground that the state convention was supreme, that fights in the district caucuses are not proper matters for adjudication by the national committee, and it is not the business of the national committee to go beyond the record of the convention as submit-ted to them. This shows that the Hop-kins people are regularly accredited delegates, and because of this fact the sub-committee gave its verdict for them and did not consider that it had any right to go behind the returns and take up the evidence submitted. The fight should have been in the opinion of the committee, made in the state This attitude of the national committee, sustains the contention of the Hopkins people, who insisted yesterday in every contest that the national committee did not have the right to decide contests in district caucuses.

HARRISON MEN DISHEARTENED.

HARRISON MEN DISHEARTENED.

The Harrison and Hearst men were greatly disheartened by their defeat, and announced their intention of carrying the fight before the committee on credentials, and if beaten there, before the convention itself.

This statement did not alarm the Hopkins people, who said that the argument that won for them before the national committee, would hold good before the committee on credentials, and before the convention also.

before the committee on credentials, and before the convintion also.
"It is all over," said John P. Hopkins. "We won as I knew we would. There was in fact, nothing else for the committee to do, What steps may be taken later will have no effect. Our delegates will remain just where the state convention scated them."

DEFEAT FOR BRYAN.

The victory of the was also a defeat for W. J. Bryan, who has made the fight almost a personal matter. He yesterday attended the hearing in the greater part of the con-test, and showed his anxiety in every way to win the seats for the Harrison and Hearst people.
"The action of the committee is far

reaching," he said, "and means that the work of a few men is to stand before the wishes of the majority of the dele-I hope the credentials com-will see the matter in a different light.

The contests in the other states were reported by the various sub-committees as previously announced, and their ac-tion was approved by the national com-mittee which then adjourned.

WHAT FIGHT INVOLVED.

The fight in the Illinois delegation in volved 13 districts and two of the dele gates-at-large, and was one of the fiero est ever seen by any convention. The hearing yesterday and last night be-fore the sub-committee of the national committee, was only preliminary for oath sides. The bitter work will come after before the committee on credentials, and it is almost certain at this time that if there is any chance to get the contest to the floor of the convention it will go there and be waged with

Several times last night the retorts between the contesting factions were of so heated a nature that Chairman Stone, of the sub-committee, was comstone, of the sub-committee, was compelled repeatedly to call for order, and only suggested that the gentlemen from Illinois would find the outside of the hotel a proper place to conduct their arguments if their minds were "made up for a buil fight."

HIGHHANDED WORK.

Charges of high-handed work were made made repeatedly against the secretary of the state convention, George A. Brennan, and the representatives of the Twenty-third district. M. L. Kudy declares that twice he had furnished to Mr. Brennan the names of the the delegates selected in their district caucus and that twice Mr. Brennan had thrown it on the floor, and he had found it there, and submitted it to the committee. This brought Brennan to his feet with an impassioned denial of the assertions made by Mr. Kudy, and he wound up his defense with the declaration, "Everybody knows that I would not do such a thing."

This called forth jeers from the contestants, and Brennan took his seat in

AN ACRIMONIOUS FIGHT. An acrimonious fight took place in the hearing of the contest in the Twen-

and the master minds are engaged in | on platform and resolutions and it can safely be predicted that if any reference to Utali affairs is made, it will not declaration practically in the language that there shall be no union of church

> Large delegations are here from every state and a more enthusiastic convention has never been held. Tomorrow

ty-third district. Here it was admitted that Gen. Alfred Orendorff had been selected by a regular and a bolting caucus as well, and that later his name was removed and that of Duncau C. Best was substituted. Mr. Best insisted upon the regularity of the proceedings.

In the Sixth district, which is the ome of Frank P. Quinn, who acted as one of Frank P. Quinn, who acted as chairman of the convention, R. M. Barnes, who presented the case of the contestants, declared that the names of the delegates as announced by Secy Brennan constituted a clear case of forgery, and asserted that the state-ments of the confestees were not en-titled to weight because any man who would forge a signature would commit perjury to back it up.

"WHAT DO YOU MEAN?"

'Who do you mean?" asked Quinn. "Who do you mean?" asked Quinn.
"I mean the man who altered the names on the report of that district caucus," replied Barnes. "I do not know who did it, but whoever he was can put the shoe on and wear it."

Mr. Quinn took the floor in his own defense, and declared that the statement which had been made by the contestants, that the list of the delegates from the Sixteenth district had been read to the convention, was absolutely false.

The scene in these contests was practically repeated in all of the others, and both sides were determined to carry the fight to the court of last resort.

After the adjournment of the com-

After the adjournment of the committee it was announced by three different members of the committee that the report circulated early in the day to the effect that the Hopkins people were to be unseated in several districts, was correct. The first decision of the committee was to declare the Hopkins mem. mittee was to declare the Hopkins men out in the Second, Sixth, Ninth, Twenty-first, Twenty-third, Fifteenth and Sixteenth districts. After reaching this decision the committee went over the ground for the second time, and decided that they had second time, and decided that they had no jurisdiction is the matter, and that the record of the state convention should be held su-

Populist Convention.

Springfield, Ills., July 5.—When the Populist convention was called to or der today there was a long wrangle over the report of the committee on cre-dentials.

The report of the committee on per-manent organization brought forth a storm of protest from the fusion wing of the convention, as the report showed that the Middle-of-the-Roaders had secured all the officers of the convention. Robert Shilling, of Wisconsin, protested against what he termed highhanded and unfair methods.

Judge J. W. Bebb of Kappag and J.

untair methods.

Judge J. W. Babb of Kansas, and J.

W. Baird of Texas, for the Middle-ofthe-Roaders, made conciliatory speeches, pleading for harmony.

The report of the committee was
adopted, and the following declared
the permanent officers of the convention:

Chairman, J. M. Mallatt, of Texas:

secretary, Charles H. de France, of Nebraska; assistant secretary, W. C Champell, of Kansas. The committee on platform not being ready to report recess was taken until 1 o'clock p. m.

The members of the national committee so far selected include the following the committee of the comm

lowing:
Montana—J. H. Colderhead, William
Caney, Abram Hall,
Oklahoma—S. E. Saunders, John S.
Allen, W. H. French,
Colorado—E, E. Hazen, R. H. Northcott, A. B. Gray.

Washington-Edward Clayson, C. C. Gibson, H. Packard.

THE MACHINISTS. Their Trans-Mississippi Conven-

tion Organizes in Denver. Denver, July 5.—The transmississipp convention of the International Association of Machinists organized here toda; with Fourth Vica President Wilson of San Francisco as chairman, and Samue Grace of Omaha as secretary. Sixty delegates will attend the accisions which will continue for 10 days. The convention will form plans for bringing all western lodges into one organization, Another question to be considered is the establishment of a reserve fund, and the levying of an assessment to carry on the levying of an assessment to carry on the strike of machinists on the Santa Fe

Gen. Stakelberg's Narrow Escape Atche Kiao, July 5.—Lieut.-Gen. Baron Stakelberg and the Roumanian military attache narrowly escaped drowning today owing to the sudden flooding of the headquarters of the former's army corps. They were both rescued by soldiers who cut their way through the tents.

NORGE SURVIVORS.

Steamer Chartered to Search Rockhall and St. Kilda Islands.

Stornoway, Scotland, July 5.—The Danish authorities have chartered a of the wrecked steamer Norge. Two children who were among the rescued passengers of the Norge, died in the hospital here as a result of exposure.

FIRE IN BOISE. Pioneer Book Store Burned With

Loss of \$25,000.

Boise, Ida., July 5.—Fire, which broke out in the Pioneer book store early this morning, completely gutted the place, causing a loss of from \$25,000 to \$30,000. The building was damaged to the extent of \$5,000, fully covered by insurance, Insurance on the stock was \$16,000. The building belonged to James A. Pinney, E. J. Phelps, was proprietor of the book store.

Mrs. Aggie Myers Arrested.

Kansas City, July 5 .- Mrs. Aggie Myers, the widow of Clarence Myers, a printer who was killed in his home here two months ago after a terrible struggle with his assailant, who entered his room at night and attacked him with a razor, has been taken into custody and is being held for investigation. Mrs. Myers refused to aid in the arrest of Frank Hottman, who is being held at Walla Walla, Wash, on a charge of murdering Myers. Hottman and Mrs. Myers were friends and both came here from Higginsville, Mo.

The Peresviet is Safe.

Cronstadt, July 5 .- All doubt as to the safety of the Peresviet, which, according to report, had been torpedoed, at Port Arthur, is removed by the receipt of a telegram from the captain of the battleship, saying the ship and all on board are well. The telegram, which was dated from Newchwang, was brought there by torpedo beat destroyer Lieutenant Burukoff.

NORGE VICTIMS.

Subscription in Behalf of Their Relatives Started.

Copenhagen, July 5.—A subscription in behalf of the relatives of the victims and of the rescued passengers of the Danish steamer Norge, which foundered Tuesday, June 28. off Rockall reef, northwest of Scotland, with the loss of 66 lives, was opened here today. Among the itreit donors were American tourists, Condolences are pouring in from the royal family and people in America and elsewhere,

FIFTY-FOURTH YEAR

## BINGHAM JUNCTION SHOOTING SCRAPE.

Mysterious Affair Occured in an Austrian Boarding House Last Night.

LOUIS PALMER FATALLY SHOT.

Most of the Men Involved Cannot Speak English and All Are Reticent Over Matter.

SHERIFF EMERY INVESTIGATING.

Was an Effort to Keep the Particulars From the Public -- In the Meantime The Men Wanted, Escape,

A very mysterious shooting scrapesecurred in an Austrian boarding house t Bingham Junction last night at about 11:30 o'clock in which Louis Palmer was fatally shot over the heart by either Frank or James Smith, and is now at the point of death. The Smith brothers have disappeared and Sheriff. Emery and his deputies are trying to locate them. The matter was kept a secret by the Austrians in the house until this morning about 9 o'clock when Deputy Sheriff Beckstead was notified of the affair by Mike Fisher who had been told of the shooting by some of the boarders.

The deputy at once started to work on the case and notified Sheriff Emery of the affair. From what can be learned from those in the house Palmer was in bed when the Smith brothers came into the room and one of them immediately pulled out his revolver and fired at Palmer striking him just above the heart. Although the matter was kept from the officials, Dr. Kiel was called at once and had the wounded man removed to the Murray hospital and attended to him. At 11 o'clock today it was stated that he could not possibly recover, so the two brothers will probably have to answer to the charge of murder when they are appre-

hended. No one seems to know the cause of the shooting, or if they do know they are unwilling to tell the officials anything about it. Most of the men at the icuse are unable to talk the English language so it is extremely difficult to obtain any of the facts in the case. They also seem inclined to give the men who did the shooting an opportunity to escape. Sheriff Emery has notified the officials of the other counties near here and they are keeping a close watch for the men. The sheriff has a picture of one of the men and as they booth look very much alike he can furnish a good description of both of them. It is said that Smith is only an assumed name and probably very few of their fellow countrymen knew

KILLED AT TUCKER.

their correct name.

Son of James Ballard the Victim of an Explosion-Fierce Fight.

(Special to the "News.")

Provo, July 5 .- The 14-year-old son of James Ballard of Tucker was accidentally killed there yesterday afterncon by an explosion of powder. Particulars of the sad affair cannot be cbtained, but it is presumed the lad was elebrating when the fatal accident ocurred.

Richard Allen was arrested today by the sheriff and will be held awaiting the result of injuries sustained by Albert Olsen of Pleasant View in a fight between the two last night. Olsen claims he was assaulted by Allen, and that the latter struck him with a beer bottle, while Allen says he struck him only with his fist. Olsen is suffering from concussion of the brain and was unconscious most of the night. Dr. Robison who is attending him says he will recover all right, although his condition is quite serious. The hyoid bone, one of the bones of the throat, s fractured and this leads to the belie that the man was choked by his assailant. The trouble occurred at the West square last evening, while the display of fireworks was going on.

DIED WHILE TRAVELING.

Sudden Demise of Wisconsin Man on S. P. Passenger Train.

(Special to the "News.")
Ogen, Utah, July 5.-Alfred Merritt of Kewaskum, Wis., while on route home from the coast, dropped dead on the platform of a Southern Pacific passenger train at Terrace, Utah, yesterday aftericon. The young man was about 24 years of age, and had gone on a trip to the coast after having buried his wife of two weeks. It is thought that his wife's death so preyed upon his mind as to affeet his heart and bring on apoplexy, rom which he died. His relatives are well-to-do people and have been notified

One of the Rannie-Bros., who have been doing trapeze work at Gienwood park for some time past, fell yesterday afternoon while performing and broke one of the bones of the right arm. The fall was caused through the trapeze breaking and the ladury will lay him up for several weeks.

the lajury will be all the lajury will be weeks.

The balloon ascensien, which was to have been given yesterday at Glenwood park, did not come of, owing to the balloon cutching fite just previous to the time of the ascent.

Funeral services over the remains of Franklin Browning, son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Browning, will be held at 2 p. m. tomorrow at the family residence, rear of 38 Twenty-eight street.

The funeral of Daniel Shupe, one of the victims of yesterday's accident, will not be held until Sunday in order to enable his business associates to attend in a body. The time and place will be announced later.

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SENATOR ARTHUR PUE GORMAN, One of the Most Astute Leaders of the Democratic Party and Often Spoken

of for the Presidency.

Arthur Pue Gorman, Democrat, of Laurel, was born in Howard county, Md., March 11, 1839. He attended the county schools of his native county for brief period and in 1852 was appointed page in the United States senate. He continued in the service of the senate until 1886, at which time he was postmaster. On the first of September, 1866, he was removed from his position, and immediately appointed collector of internal revenue for the Fifth district of Maryland, which position he held until the incoming of the Grant administration in 1869. In September, 1869, he was elected to the house of delegates of the Maryland legislature; was re-elected in 1871, then elected speaker of the house, In June, 1872, he was elected president of the Chesapeake & Ohio Cahal company. In 1875, Howard county chose him to represent it in the Maryand state senate, and in 1879 he was re-elected for four years. In January, 1830, he was elected United States senator to succeed Wm. P. Whyte, and took his seat March 4, 1881. He was re-elected in 1886, again in 1892, and in 1904 was again elected to succeed George L. Wellington, Republican. His term of office will expire March 3, 1902

(Special to the "News.") St. Louis, Mo., July 5 .- The day before the convention, everything is excitement. Rumors of combines fly thick and fast. Now it is claimed Parker is safe and all are rushing to the band wagon again, Then it is said that Bryan has combined with Tammany in the interests of McClellan and that Parher is defeated; and so goes the fight, each force claiming to be victorious, yet everything is doubt and uncertainty, but with chances in favor of Parker and Turner.

The platform builders are at work

framing the issues. It is evident, however, that there will be a hot fight over some of the planks, Bryan will contend for a reaffirmance of the Kansas City platform, but a large majority will centend for modified declarations on several important questions,

Senator Dubois is still riding his "hobby horse" but he seems to be getting weary. The Utah contingent is fighting unceasingly and is hopeful of success.

Senator Cannon has been selected to make the fight, before the committee

be along the lines of a proposed amend. ment to the Constitution, but merely a of the Utah state constitution insisting and state.

the flood of oratory begins and for three days at least great questions by the greatest men in the Democratic party will be discussed,